



ANANDALAYA
PERIODIC TEST – 2
Class: VI

Subject: Social Science

Date: 15-09-2025

M.M: 50

Time: 2 hrs

General Instructions:

- 1) All Questions are compulsory.
- 2) The question paper has three sections-A-History, B- Political Science, C-Geography
- 3) Section A and C are of 18marks each, Section B is of 14 marks.
- 4) Each section has VSA, SA, LA and VBQ. Value based Questions are highlighted in bold.
- 5) Question 16 and 26 are map-based questions.

SECTION-A (HISTORY)

1. **‘The moral of the epics is engraved on the popular minds of the people and gave a richness and content to the stories.’ Mention the best striking values that all learn from these two epics.** (1)
2. Give the meaning of the word ‘Bharatavarsha’. (1)
(A) The country of the Bharatas (B) The country of the Vedas
(C) The country of the mountains and hills (D) The country of the Aryans
3. According to the Chinese, which word is understood as ‘heavenly mastered’? (1)
(A) Tianzhu (B) Hsuan Tsang (C) Yintu (D) Indike
4. Name the text which refers India as Sapta Sindhava. (1)
(A) Sam Veda (B) Yajur Veda (C) Rig Veda (D) Atharva Veda
5. Write the names of India as given by the foreigners: (2)
(a) French, (b) Greek, (c) Latin, (d) Arabic
6. ‘The Chinese scholar Xuanzang visited India’. State the reason for his visit. (2)
7. How do you know that the ancient Indians knew the geography well? (2)
8. What were the ancient name of the following states? (3)
(a) Haryana, (b) Assam, (c) Bengal
9. The Mahābhārata uses the term ‘Bharatavarsha’ and ‘Jambudvīpa’ to describe India. Why were these terms used? (Any five points) (5)

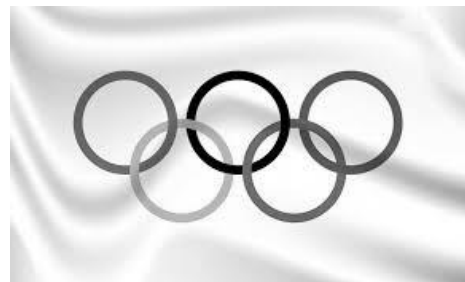
SECTION-B (POLITICAL SCIENCE)

10. The Anthropological survey of India conducted massive survey called _____. (1)
(A) People of Indians project (B) Unity and Diversity
(C) People of India project (D) Project on scientific development
11. The first thing that strikes the visitors to our country is _____. (1)
(A) India’s different customs and traditions. (B) Caste system and traditions
(C) colourful festivals (D) temples and superstitions
12. Mention the names of two Sanskrit epics which focus on values and distinguishes between right and wrong. (1)

13. **India has many religions, languages and cultures, yet we live together as one nation. Which value does this reflect?** (1)
14. In India, Sarees are used for many purposes. List any four uses of it. (2)
15. 'The banyan tree is a fine symbol for Indian civilisation'. Explain the statement. (3)
16. On the given map, mark the states and write the names of the festivals celebrated across India on 14th January every year. (Any five) (5)

SECTION-C (GEOGRAPHY)

17. _____ is the largest island in the world. (1)
(A) New Zealand (B) Greenland (C) Australia (D) Sri Lanka
18. Other than cardinal directions, there are _____ directions. (1)
(A) intermediate (B) co-ordinate (C) appropriate (D) subordinate
19. The prime meridian is fixed at Greenwich. The opposite line to Greenwich is 180° and is called _____. (1)
(A) Standard time (B) International date line (C) Time zone (D) International border
20. The United Nations has designated June 8th as _____. (1)
21. When large areas like continents or countries are to be shown on the paper then we use a large-scale map. State true or false. (1)
22. **Give reasons for the following statements:** (2)
(a) **Oceans are said to be the planet's lungs.**
(b) **India is a part of Indian ocean tsunami warning system.**
23. Distinguish between Parallels of Latitudes and Meridians of Longitude. (Any two points) (2)
24. India established its first scientific base station in Antarctica in the year 1983. (2)
(a) Name the Indian research station.
(b) Why do the Indian scientists visit the research base station?
25. Observe the picture and answer the following questions: (2)
(a) What does the rings symbolize?
(b) Mention the continents which the rings represent.



26. On the given world map of India mark and name the following: (5)
(a) The mountains which divide Europe from Asia.
(b) The busiest ocean in the world.
(c) Name the continent which is an island as well as a country.
(d) The ocean which is triangular in shape.
(e) The continent in which the world's largest hot desert lie.